

M3DI AND 3D PRINTSMITH

The Burrage House, Back Bay, Boston

OBJECTIVE: Scan historically preserved architectural details, and reproduce using 3D printed and CNC foam cut molds

A view of the home from the corner of Commonwealth Ave and Hereford St, 1903



A view of the home from the corner of Commonwealth Ave and Hereford St, 2013

For the purposes of preserving and duplicating the intricate carvings and moldings of the Burrage House, traditional methods of taking images, hand measurements, and moldings would prove to be a very time consuming and labor intensive process.

Instead, M3DI's 3D scanning technology was employed to digitize the carvings and moldings. With M3DI's advanced reconstruction algorithms, the carvings and moldings could be 3D scanned directly, without the need to prepare the surfaces with a matte white powder coating, as is traditionally needed with 3D scanners. This meant reduced on site scanning time and, literally, no contact to the items being digitized, greatly reducing the risk of damage.



M3DI teams with 3D Printsmith, a user of M3DI technology, to scan the carvings and moldings.

Here, the 3D scanner is being setup to scan the foyer vestibule plaque.

Since the carvings are fixed in place, the 3D scanner is moved around the item to capture different views which will be aligned and merged together to form the complete model.



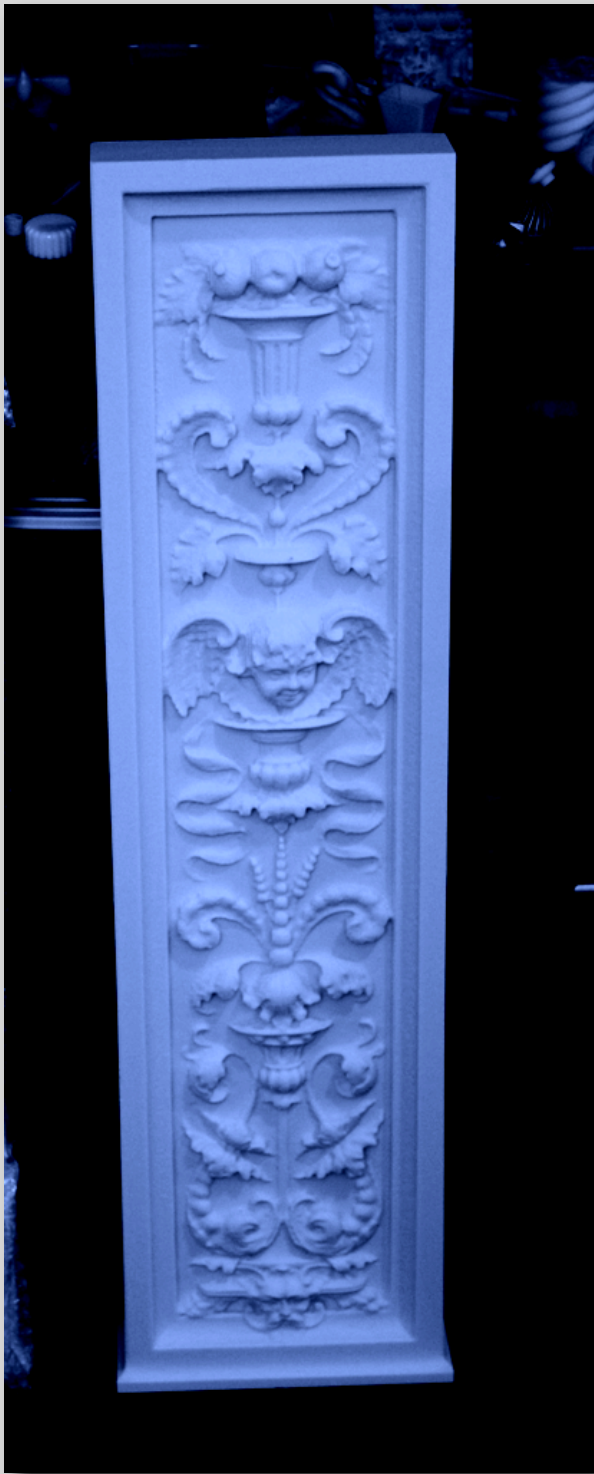
Foyer Carving 3D scan result.



Top, center, bottom
close ups



Final replica made
from CNC cut foam





Scanning the column with pedestal and angel carvings. A tripod is used to set the 3D scanner up on an uneven surface.



Using a mini flexible tripod to get the lower scans of the stairway column.



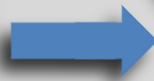
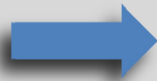
The large window at the top of the stairs posed no problems for the 3D scanner even in the highly lit area



Main stairway angle
column 3D scan result



Main stairway angle
column 3D scan.
Pedestal and angel
split for duplication.



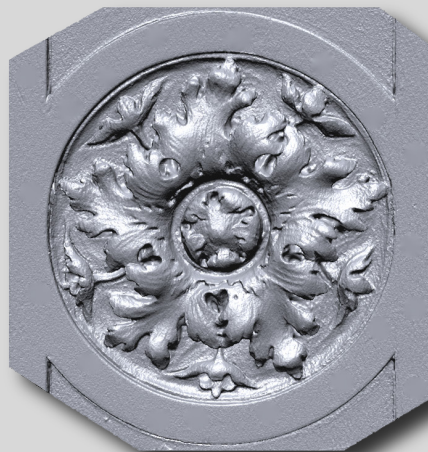


Main stairway angle
column 3D print final
result.

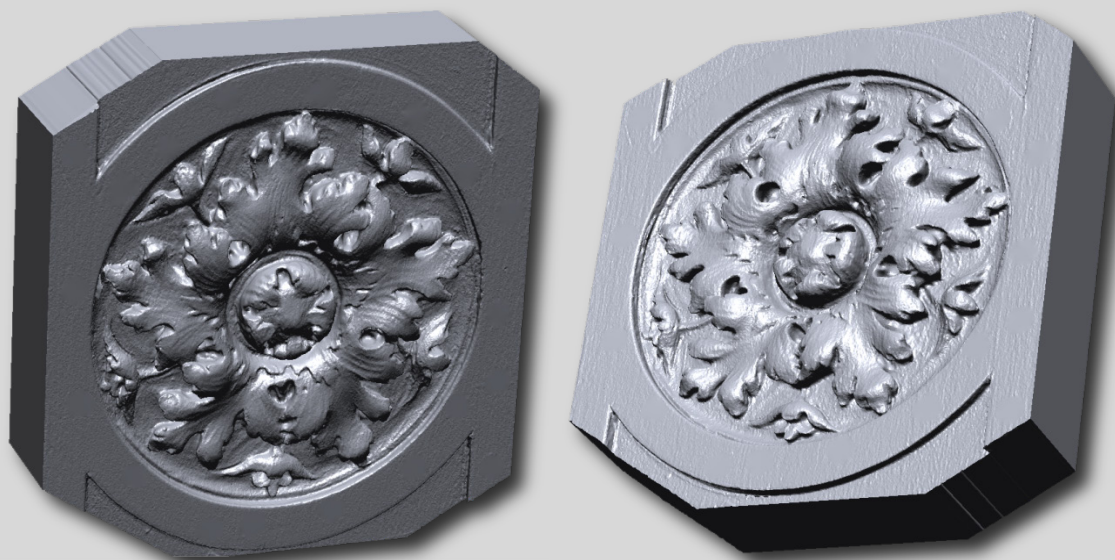




Scanning a wood carved rosette. No part preparation needed



Wood carved rosette scan result



Wood carved
rosette scan detail



Finished piece of
wood carved rosette
made out of CNC cut
foam



Tripod extension poles were used to scan high mounted carvings. Here the first of two capital carving is being 3D scanned.



M3DI scanners feature automatic alignment with uncoded photogrammetry targets. The targets (small white circles) can be seen placed in random locations on the capital carving.



Capital
carving
result

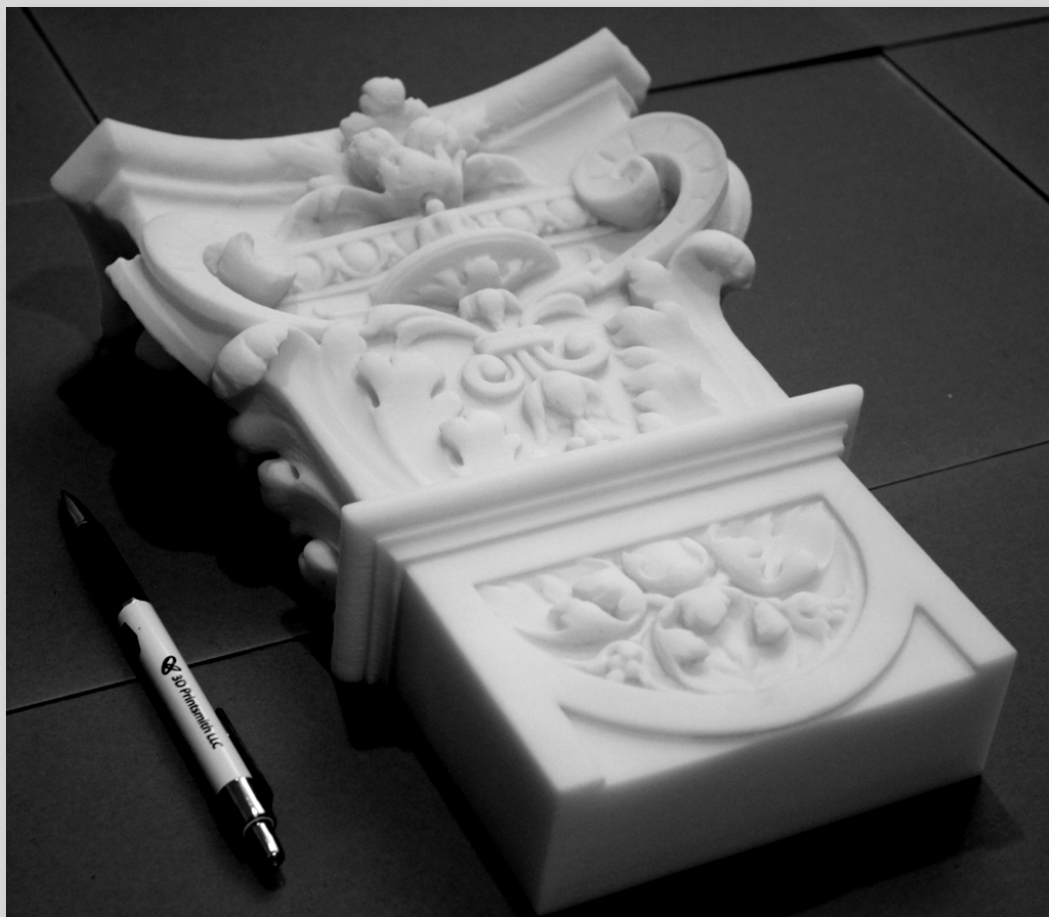
one
scan

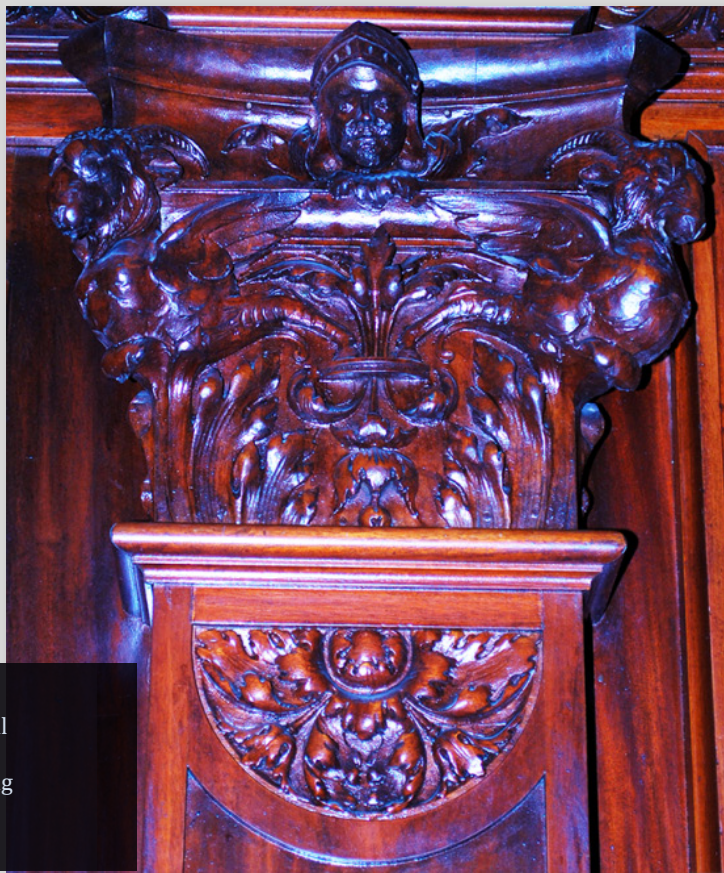


Capital
carving
detail

one
scan

Capital one 3D print result.



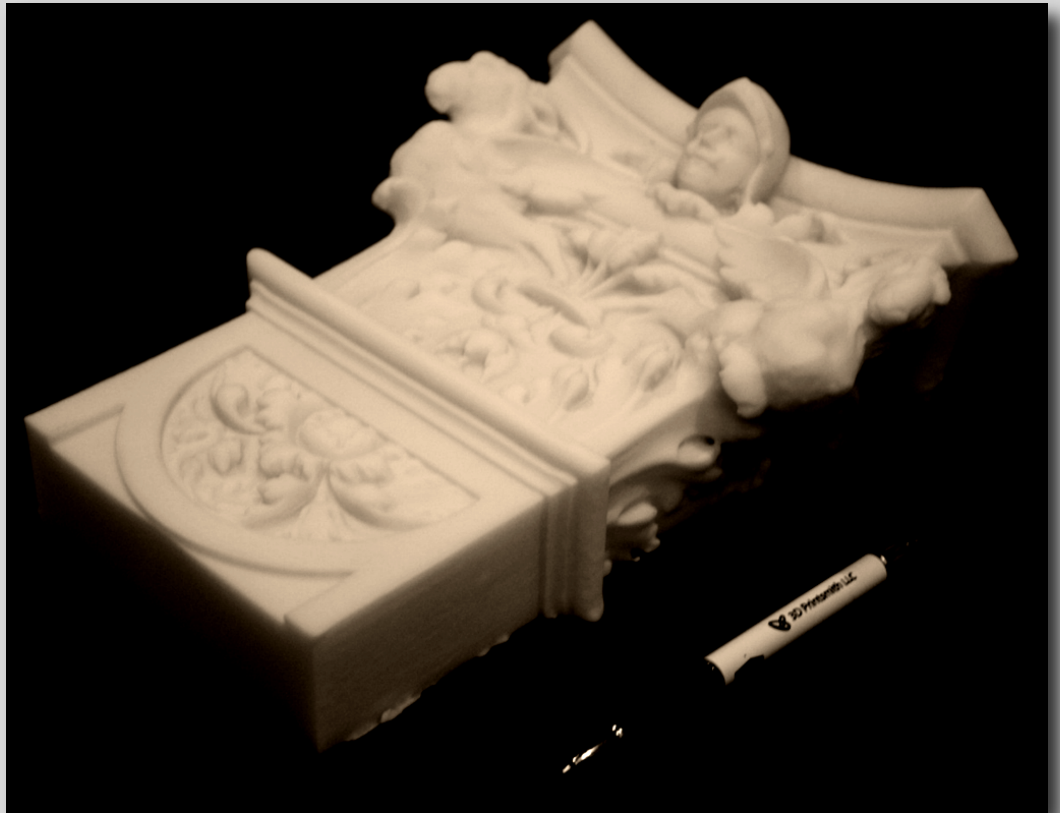


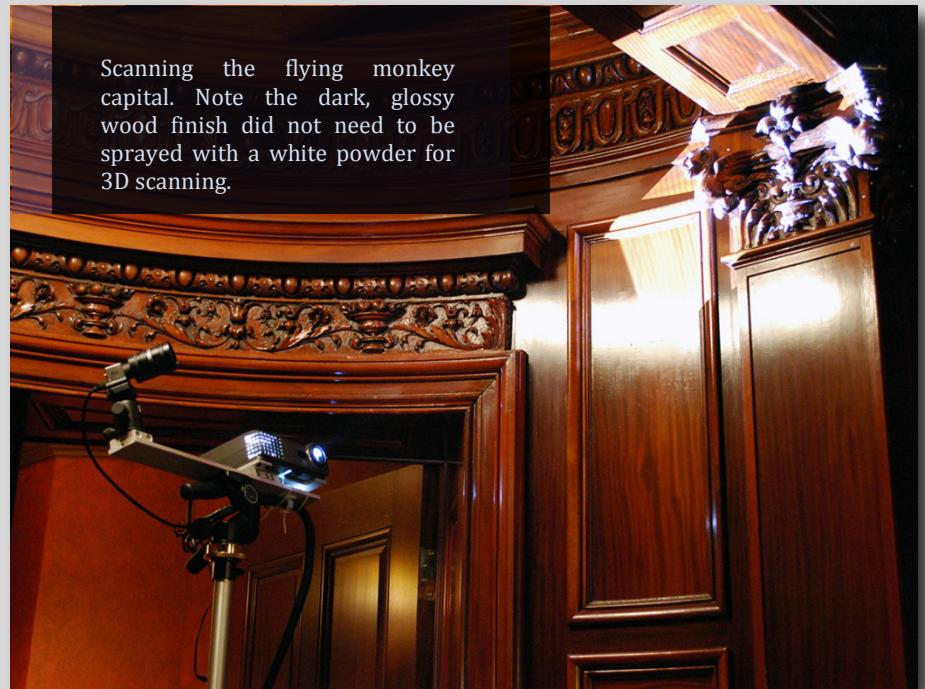
Capital
two
carving
scan
result



Capital two carving scan
detail

Capital two carving 3D
print result



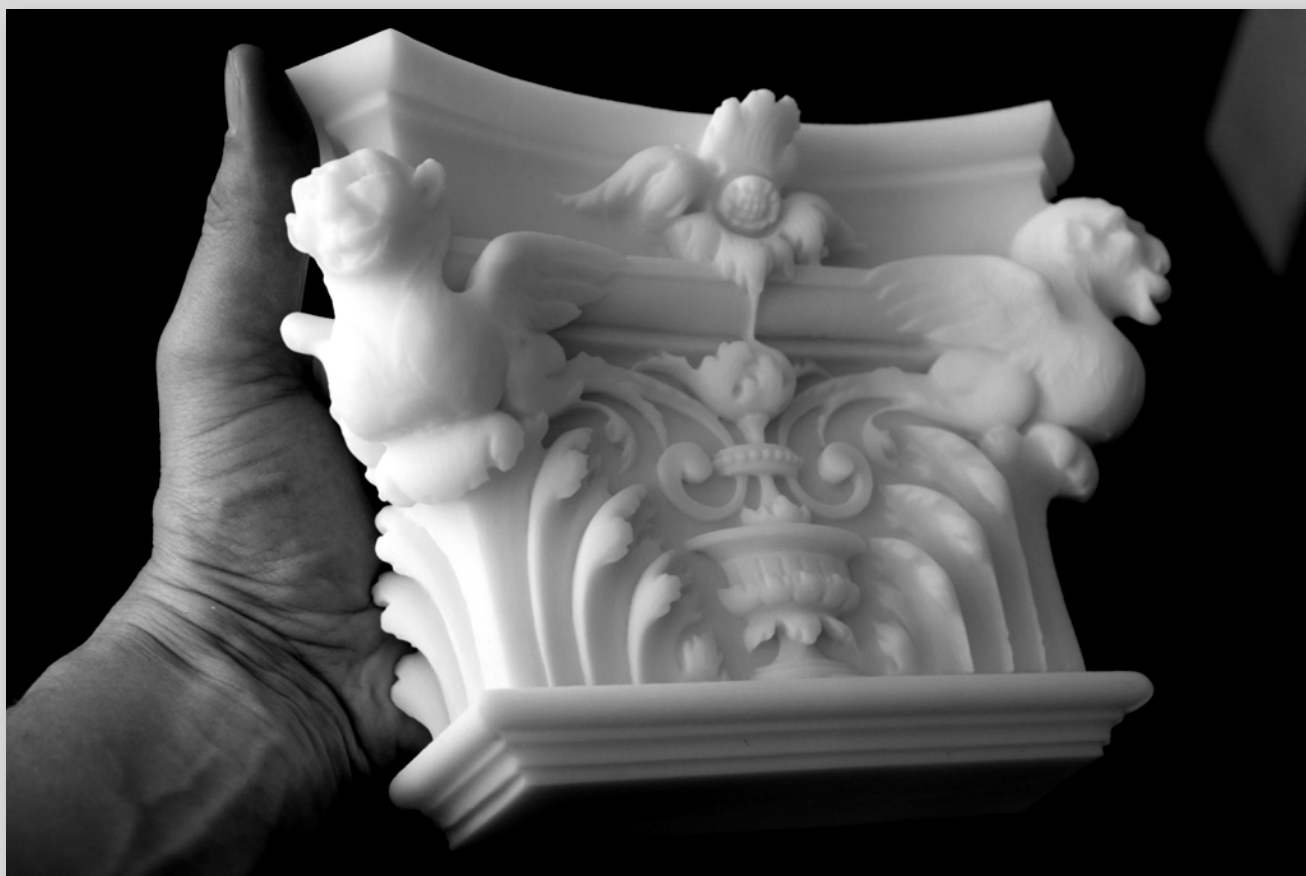


Scanning the flying monkey capital. Note the dark, glossy wood finish did not need to be sprayed with a white powder for 3D scanning.

Flying monkey capital scan result

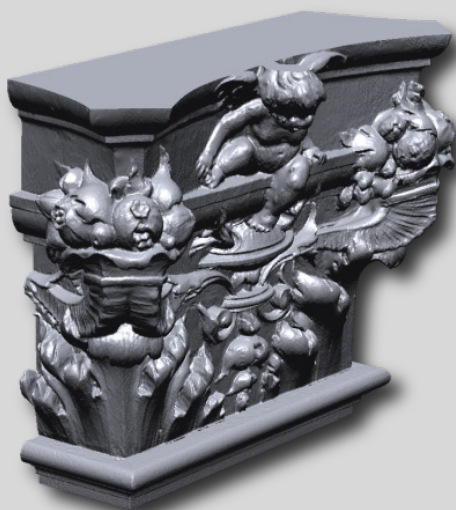


Flying monkey
capital
result.





Cupid capital carving scan result



Cupid capital carving scan detail



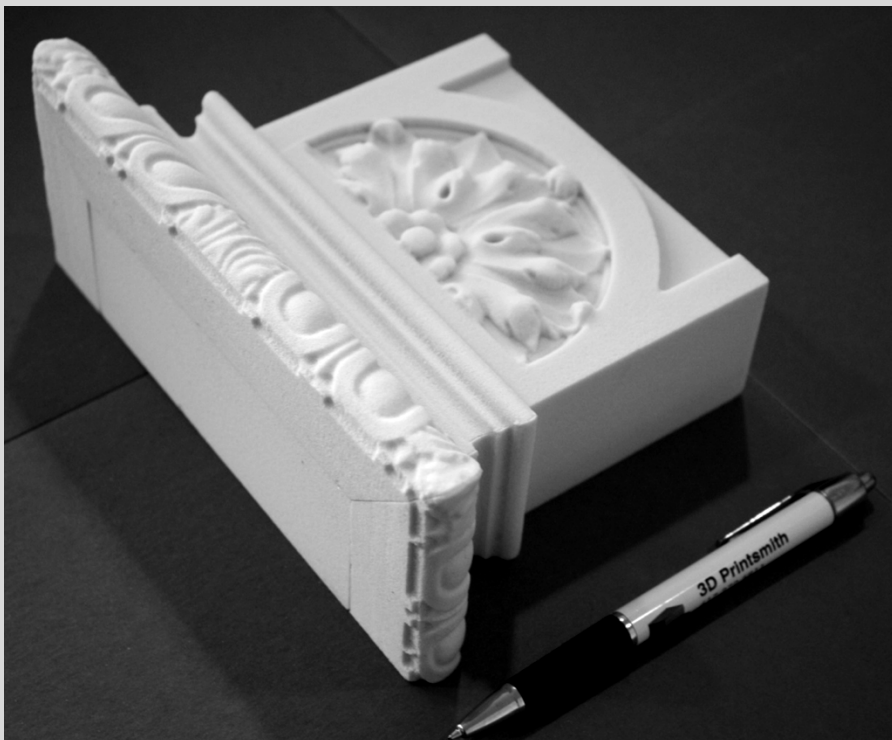
Cupid capital carving
3D print result.





Flower base 3D scan
result

Flower base 3D scan
detail

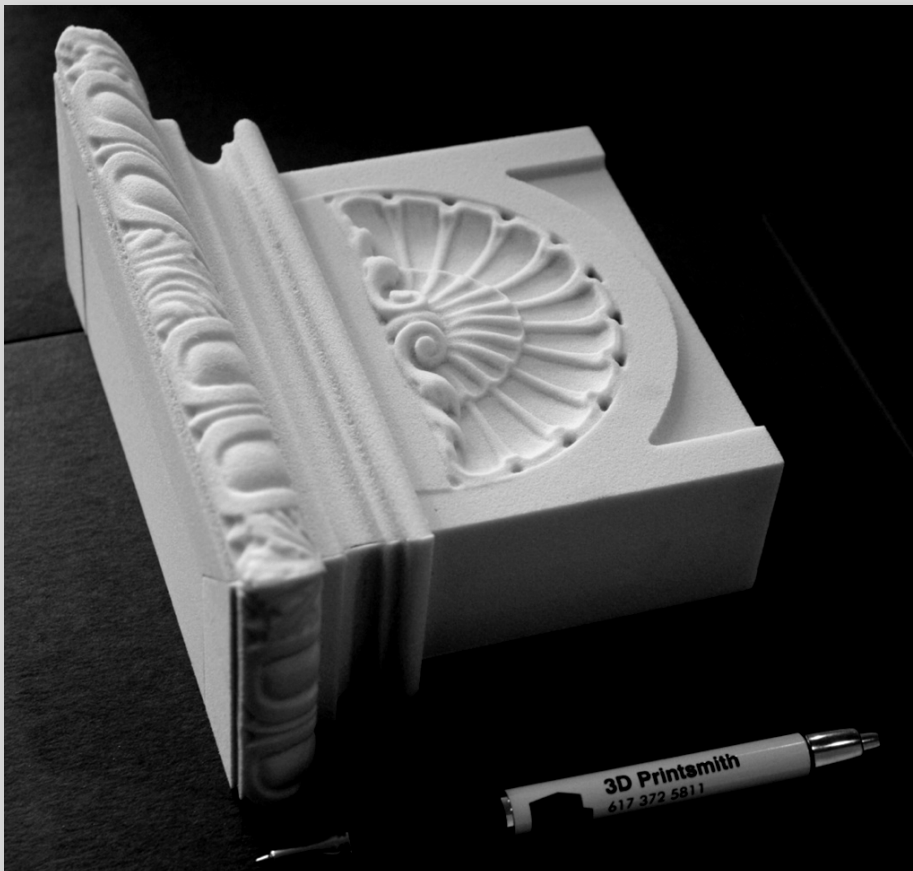


Final flower base
piece made out of
CNC cut foam



Seashell base 3D
scan result

Seashell base 3D
scan detail



Final Seashell base
piece made out of
CNC cut foam